that they could best be informed of how to protect us the American public. Everyday he was protecting our country. Everyday he was fighting for our freedoms that we enjoy. To Brady, it didn't matter how much money you had, it didn't matter what the color of your skin was, it didn't matter which religion you believed. To Brady, what mattered were the people.

Ongoing community service initiatives to commemorate Brady's commitment to public service are being conducted in the Washington, DC area and there are plans for at least one such initiative in Utah. Generous contributions from all over the country have allowed us to create an endowed memory in Brady's name to continue the influence of his story. These contributions will also support an endowed lecture series in Brady's name that has been established and now approved by the BYU-Idaho Board of Trustees.

I miss Brady very much. I remember with fondness building bases and battling with our G.I. Joe action figures, waking up early Saturday morning to watch the Bugs Bunny and Tweety Show together, and climbing trees together. I always looked up to Brady and for me, he was always a hero. As his story is told, others are hearing about the hero whom I was privileged enough to call "brother".

September 11th wasn't the first day that this country has known heroes, nor has it been the last. We should take this time to pay tribute not only to the heroes of September 11th, but all of the heroes that have fought for freedom. Thousands of men and women are working today to protect us from evil. The men and women who perished that day are not heroes because of how they died: they are heroes because of how they lived. Heroes are the men and women who have put themselves in harms way for the cause of democracy and freedom since long before September 11, 2001. Heroes are the men and women who serve each day to protect people they will never know. Heroes are the men and women who spend more waking hours caring for and about others than they do for themselves. Let us remember the heroes of September 11th 2001, along with the heroes who stood before, who stand now, and who are preparing to stand against evil. Because it is to all of you who have served this country, have given your children for the service of America, and are currently serving that we, the American people, pay tribute this day; the fire fighters, the police officers, the emergency medical crews, and the soldiers of freedom.

If the mark of a hero is one that cares about and fights for others, I hope that the destruction of September 11th has facilitated the construction of tomorrow's heroes. Wouldn't the greatest honor that we could pay to those that perished be if we could follow their example and give of ourselves as they did? We may not be called upon to die for this country, but we are all called upon to live for it. This country doesn't need more martyrs, but this country could use more doers.

Tens of thousands have given their time and tens of thousands have given their lives for America; this "one nation, under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all." To be "one nation", we need to be one state, one neighborhood, one home. Let us rededicate ourselves as we did after September 11th, to being Americans. Never in my life before September 11th, had I seen such a display and attitude of patriotism. We were friendlier, we were more patient, and we looked out for each other. I wish that those who died that day could have seen the America that we became. We became strong and united. We showed forth the America that we always should have been; the America that those men and women sacrificed their lives for. Let us honor all of the heroes of America by not letting their sacrifices be in vain. Let us continue their legacies. Let us live for what they died for The United States of America. ●

RECOGNITION OF THE ENTER-PRISE FOUNDATION'S 20TH ANNI-VERSARY

• Ms. MIKULSKI. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize The Enterprise Foundation as it celebrates its 20th year of rebuilding America's communities and creating opportunities for low-income people across America.

The Enterprise Foundation was founded in 1982 by renowned developer James Rouse and his wife, Patty, who were inspired by the commitment of members of the Church of the Saviour in Washington, D.C. to create safe housing in one of the most challenged neighborhoods in the District.

More than 65,000 hours of volunteer time and \$500,000 in grants were invested to clean out rats and garbage and to repair, paint and correct more than 940 housing code violations to create those first 90 apartments affordable to low-income families.

Since that humble start, Enterprise has grown to become a national non-profit with offices in 16 cities, five subsidiaries and a staff of more than 450. Enterprise works with private sector and public partners through a network of more than 2,200 community-based organizations in 820 U.S. locations to provide affordable housing, safer streets and access to jobs and quality child care.

Since 1982, The Enterprise Foundation has raised and committed more than \$3.9 billion in equity, loans and grants to build or renovate more than 132,000 homes affordable to low- and very low-income people. Since its creation in 1985, Enterprise Homes has completed more than 4.000 homes for low- and moderate-income families totaling more than \$350 million in total development. Enterprise has partnered with more than 170 corporate investors and more than 580 nonprofit and forprofit developers to provide affordable homes for families, the elderly and people with special needs.

Enterprise's job training and placement programs have helped more than 32,000 low-income residents qualify for work and retain employment. More than 4,500 children have benefited from the Home-Based Child Care Program. Enterprise Child Care has awarded more than \$4.5 million in grants and loans since 1999.

My own State of Maryland has benefited greatly from the work of the Enterprise Foundation. I have personally seen the results of the Enterprise Foundation's work in the Druid Heights, Lauraville and Garrison/Forest Park neighborhoods in Baltimore. Their comprehensive approach to neighborhood redevelopment is what makes Enterprise an asset in Maryland, and in the Nation.

Today I ask that we pay tribute to Mr. Rouse's legacy and to the profound impact that The Enterprise Foundation has had on the lives of thousands of low-income Americans and their communities.●

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Evans, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the PRE-SIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 11:04 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives delivered by Ms. Niland, one if its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, without amendment:

S. 1834. An act for the relief of retired Sergeant First Class James D. Benoit and Wan Sook Benoit.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 1784. An act to establish an Office on Women's Health within the Department of Health and Human Services, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2245. An act for the relief of Anisha Goveas Foti.

H.R. 4102. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 120 North Maine Street in Fallon, Nevada, as the "Rollan D. Melton Post Office Building".

H.R. 5333. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 4 East Central Street in Worcester, Massachusetts, as the "Joseph D. Early Post Office Building".

The message further announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolutions, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 435. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the therapeutic technique known as rebirthing is a dangerous and harmful practice and should be prohibited.

H. Con. Res. 469. Concurrent resolution authorizing the Rotunda of the Capitol to be used on September 19, 2002, for a ceremony to present the Congressional Gold Medal to General Henry H. Shelton (USA, Ret.).

The message also announced that the House agrees to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 3253) to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the establishment within the Department of Veterans Affairs of improved emergency medical preparedness, research, and education programs to combat terrorism, and for other purposes, with an amendment.